



**IBM Informix DataBlade Module Installation and Registration Guide**





**IBM Informix DataBlade Module Installation and Registration Guide**

**Note:**

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page C-1.

This edition replaces G229-6368-00.

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# Contents

<b>Introduction</b> . . . . .	<b>v</b>
About This Publication . . . . .	v
Types of Users. . . . .	v
Hardware and Software Requirements. . . . .	v
Documentation Conventions . . . . .	v
Typographical Conventions . . . . .	v
Feature, Product, and Platform Markup . . . . .	vi
Example Code Conventions . . . . .	vi
Additional Documentation . . . . .	vii
Compliance with Industry Standards. . . . .	vii
How to Provide Documentation Feedback . . . . .	vii
<b>Chapter 1. Installing DataBlade Modules</b> . . . . .	<b>1-1</b>
In This Chapter. . . . .	1-1
Overview of Installing and Registering a DataBlade Module. . . . .	1-1
Installing Your DataBlade Module on UNIX . . . . .	1-1
Installing Your DataBlade Module on Windows . . . . .	1-3
Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on UNIX . . . . .	1-4
Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on Windows . . . . .	1-4
<b>Chapter 2. Registering with the BladeManager Graphical User Interface</b> . . . . .	<b>2-1</b>
In This Chapter. . . . .	2-1
Prerequisite Tasks . . . . .	2-1
Managing DataBlade Modules . . . . .	2-2
Connecting to a Database . . . . .	2-2
Registering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-3
Upgrading a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-4
Unregistering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-4
Managing Client Files. . . . .	2-5
Installing Client Files . . . . .	2-6
Uninstalling Client Files . . . . .	2-6
Viewing Log Files . . . . .	2-6
Viewing Module Information . . . . .	2-7
<b>Chapter 3. Registering with the BladeManager Command-Line Interface</b> . . . . .	<b>3-1</b>
In This Chapter. . . . .	3-1
Prerequisite Tasks . . . . .	3-2
Using BladeManager . . . . .	3-2
Starting and Stopping BladeManager . . . . .	3-2
Obtaining Help for Commands . . . . .	3-3
Setting Confirmation . . . . .	3-3
Executing BladeManager Commands Automatically at Startup . . . . .	3-3
Executing Multiple BladeManager Commands . . . . .	3-4
Removing BladeManager Objects for Server Reversion. . . . .	3-4
Managing DataBlade Modules . . . . .	3-4
Connection Information . . . . .	3-4
Registering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-6
Upgrading a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-7
Unregistering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-7
Managing Client Files. . . . .	3-8
Installing Client Files . . . . .	3-8
Uninstalling Client Files . . . . .	3-8
Viewing Log Files . . . . .	3-9
Viewing Module Information . . . . .	3-9
Command Reference. . . . .	3-10

<b>Appendix A. Troubleshooting Registration Problems</b>	<b>A-1</b>
<b>Appendix B. Accessibility</b>	<b>B-1</b>
Accessibility features for IBM Informix Dynamic Server	B-1
Accessibility Features	B-1
Keyboard Navigation	B-1
Related Accessibility Information	B-1
IBM and Accessibility	B-1
<b>Notices</b>	<b>C-1</b>
Trademarks	C-3
<b>Index</b>	<b>X-1</b>

---

## Introduction

About This Publication . . . . .	v
Types of Users. . . . .	v
Hardware and Software Requirements. . . . .	v
Documentation Conventions . . . . .	v
Typographical Conventions . . . . .	v
Feature, Product, and Platform Markup . . . . .	vi
Example Code Conventions . . . . .	vi
Additional Documentation . . . . .	vii
Compliance with Industry Standards. . . . .	vii
How to Provide Documentation Feedback . . . . .	vii

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## About This Publication

This guide explains how to install DataBlade<sup>®</sup> modules and how to use BladeManager to manage them in Informix<sup>®</sup> databases. BladeManager is an application that runs on client computers and requires a connection to IBM Informix Dynamic Server.

### Types of Users

This manual is for database administrators who install and register DataBlade modules for use in a database. It is also for DataBlade module developers who register DataBlade modules during development.

### Hardware and Software Requirements

BladeManager requires IBM Informix Dynamic Server and the IBM Informix Client Software Development Kit (Client SDK). See the BladeManager release notes for version compatibility and system requirements.

BladeManager is available as both a graphical user interface and a command-line interface.

The BladeManager graphical user interface runs on personal computers with Intel<sup>®</sup> processors running the Windows operating systems.

The BladeManager command-line interface runs on Windows<sup>®</sup>, UNIX<sup>®</sup>, and Linux<sup>®</sup> computers.

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## Documentation Conventions

This section describes the following conventions, which are used in the product documentation for IBM<sup>®</sup> Informix Dynamic Server:

- Typographical conventions
- Feature, product, and platform conventions
- Example code conventions

### Typographical Conventions

This publication uses the following conventions to introduce new terms, illustrate screen displays, describe command syntax, and so forth.

Convention	Meaning
KEYWORD	Keywords of SQL, SPL, and some other programming languages appear in uppercase letters in a serif font.
<i>italics</i>	Within text, new terms and emphasized words appear in italics. Within syntax and code examples, variable values that you are to specify appear in italics.
<b>boldface</b>	Names of program entities (such as classes, events, and tables), environment variables, file names, path names, and interface elements (such as icons, menu items, and buttons) appear in boldface.
monospace	Information that the product displays and information that you enter appear in a monospace typeface.
KEYSTROKE	Keys that you are to press appear in uppercase letters in a sans serif font.
>	This symbol indicates a menu item. For example, “Choose <b>Tools</b> > <b>Options</b> ” means choose the <b>Options</b> item from the <b>Tools</b> menu.

## Feature, Product, and Platform Markup

Feature, product, and platform markup identifies paragraphs that contain feature-specific, product-specific, or platform-specific information. Some examples of this markup follow:

————— **Dynamic Server** —————

Identifies information that is specific to IBM Informix Dynamic Server

————— **End of Dynamic Server** —————

————— **Windows Only** —————

Identifies information that is specific to the Windows operating system

————— **End of Windows Only** —————

This markup can apply to one or more paragraphs within a section. When an entire section applies to a particular product or platform, this is noted as part of the heading text, for example:

**Table Sorting (Windows)**

## Example Code Conventions

Examples of SQL code occur throughout this publication. Except as noted, the code is not specific to any single IBM Informix application development tool.

If only SQL statements are listed in the example, they are not delimited by semicolons. For instance, you might see the code in the following example:

```
CONNECT TO stores_demo
...

DELETE FROM customer
  WHERE customer_num = 121
...

COMMIT WORK
DISCONNECT CURRENT
```

To use this SQL code for a specific product, you must apply the syntax rules for that product. For example, if you are using an SQL API, you must use EXEC SQL at the start of each statement and a semicolon (or other appropriate delimiter) at the end of the statement. If you are using DB–Access, you must delimit multiple statements with semicolons.

**Tip:** Ellipsis points in a code example indicate that more code would be added in a full application, but it is not necessary to show it to describe the concept being discussed.

For detailed directions on using SQL statements for a particular application development tool or SQL API, see the documentation for your product.

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## Additional Documentation

You can view, search, and print all of the product documentation from the IBM Informix Dynamic Server information center on the Web at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/idshelp/v115/index.jsp>.

For additional documentation about IBM Informix Dynamic Server and related products, including release notes, machine notes, and documentation notes, go to the online product library page at <http://www.ibm.com/software/data/informix/pubs/library/>. Alternatively, you can access or install the product documentation from the Quick Start CD that is shipped with the product.

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## Compliance with Industry Standards

The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and the International Organization of Standardization (ISO) have jointly established a set of industry standards for the Structured Query Language (SQL). IBM Informix SQL-based products are fully compliant with SQL-92 Entry Level (published as ANSI X3.135-1992), which is identical to ISO 9075:1992. In addition, many features of IBM Informix database servers comply with the SQL-92 Intermediate and Full Level and X/Open SQL Common Applications Environment (CAE) standards.

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## How to Provide Documentation Feedback

You are encouraged to send your comments about IBM Informix user documentation by using one of the following methods:

- Send e-mail to [docinf@us.ibm.com](mailto:docinf@us.ibm.com).
- Go to the Information Center at <http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/idshelp/v115/index.jsp> and open the topic that you want to comment on. Click **Feedback** at the bottom of the page, fill out the form, and submit your feedback.

Feedback from both methods is monitored by those who maintain the user documentation of Dynamic Server. The feedback methods are reserved for reporting errors and omissions in our documentation. For immediate help with a technical problem, contact IBM Technical Support. For instructions, see the IBM Informix Technical Support Web site at <http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/>.

We appreciate your suggestions.



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## Chapter 1. Installing DataBlade Modules

In This Chapter . . . . .	1-1
Overview of Installing and Registering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	1-1
Installing Your DataBlade Module on UNIX . . . . .	1-1
Installing Your DataBlade Module on Windows . . . . .	1-3
Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on UNIX . . . . .	1-4
Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on Windows . . . . .	1-4

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### In This Chapter

This chapter provides instructions for completing the tasks described in the following sections:

- “Overview of Installing and Registering a DataBlade Module” on page 1-1
- “Installing Your DataBlade Module on UNIX” on page 1-1
- “Installing Your DataBlade Module on Windows” on page 1-3
- “Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on UNIX” on page 1-4
- “Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on Windows” on page 1-4

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### Overview of Installing and Registering a DataBlade Module

Before you can use a DataBlade module, make sure your database server and any clients are properly configured.

On UNIX, you must have these environment variables set properly: **INFORMIXDIR**, **PATH**, **LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH**, **ONCONFIG**, and **INFORMIXSERVER**. For more information, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator's Guide*.

On Windows, you must have these environment variables set properly: **INFORMIXDIR** and **INFORMIXSERVER**. For more information, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Installation Guide for Windows*.

#### To use a DataBlade module in your database:

1. Install the DataBlade module on Dynamic Server.  
This process is described later in this chapter.
2. Make the DataBlade module available to a database by registering it in that database with BladeManager.  
To use a graphical user interface on Windows, see Chapter 2, “Registering with the BladeManager Graphical User Interface,” on page 2-1  
To use a command-line interface on UNIX or Windows, see Chapter 3, “Registering with the BladeManager Command-Line Interface,” on page 3-1

For more information on your DataBlade module, see the user’s guide for the module.

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### Installing Your DataBlade Module on UNIX

This section describes how to install a DataBlade module on a UNIX computer.

How you install your DataBlade module depends on when it was released; the installation process for DataBlade modules released after the beginning of 2007 is different from the installation process for DataBlade modules released prior to 2007.

**To install a newer DataBlade module on UNIX:**

1. Log in as the **informix** user.
2. Perform™ one of the following tasks depending on how you obtain the software:
  - **CD-ROM:** Move to the CD-ROM directory.
  - **Electronic download:** Follow the directions on the download site to download the product file.
3. Run the executable command. See the *Quick Start Guide* for your DataBlade module for details on this command.
4. Confirm the installation directory. By default, the value of the **INFORMIXDIR** environment variable for the database server installation is selected. You can specify a different Dynamic Server instance.

**To install a pre-2007 DataBlade module on a UNIX computer:**

1. Log in as the **informix** user.
2. Complete the following steps if you received your DataBlade module software on a CD. If you plan to access the product by electronic delivery, follow the instructions at the download site and then go to Step 3.
  - a. Move to the CD-ROM directory. The software for each platform has its own compressed file; the platform name is included in the file name. The string *xCn* in the file name further distinguishes the product. The values for *x* and their meaning are:

F	64 bit
H	32 bit HP
U	32 bit UNIX or Linux
T	32 bit Windows
  - b. Copy the compressed product file to a temporary location, such as the **/tmp** directory.
  - c. Uncompress the file and restore the content with the appropriate command (such as **uncompress**, **zcat**, **tar**, **cpio**, **rpm**, **winzip**).  
This command creates a *datablade* directory (or directories) into which it copies the product files, where *datablade* is the DataBlade module project name.
3. Move to the *datablade* directory, where *datablade* is the DataBlade module project name.
4. Run the installation script:  

```
./install
```
5. Confirm the installation directory. By default, the value of the **INFORMIXDIR** environment variable for the database server installation is selected. You can specify a different Dynamic Server instance.

The DataBlade module software is installed in the directory **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/datablade.version**, where *datablade* is the project name and *version* is the version number. For example, the IBM Informix Large Object Locator DataBlade Module, Version 1.2, is in **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/ld.1.20.UC2**.

If the DataBlade module package you are installing has multiple DataBlade modules, each module is unloaded into a separate directory. Each directory has its own installation script. Move to each directory using the `cd` command and run the installation script. The order of installation does not matter.

**Important:** After you install your DataBlade module, read the online notes in the `/doc` directory in the DataBlade directory.

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## Installing Your DataBlade Module on Windows

This section describes how to install a DataBlade module on a Windows computer.

How you install your DataBlade module depends on when it was released; the installation process for DataBlade modules released after the beginning of 2007 is different from the installation process for DataBlade modules released prior to 2007.

### To install your newer DataBlade module on a Windows computer:

1. Log in as a member of the **Informix-Admin** group.
2. Perform one of the following tasks depending on how you obtain the software:
  - **CD-ROM:** Move to the CD-ROM directory.
  - **Electronic download:** Follow the directions on the download site to download the product file.
3. Run the executable command. See the *Quick Start Guide* for your DataBlade module for details on this command.
4. Confirm the installation directory. By default, the value of the **INFORMIXDIR** environment variable for the database server installation is selected. You can specify a different Dynamic Server instance.
5. Complete the installation.

### To install your pre-2007 DataBlade module on a Windows computer:

1. Log in as a member of the **Informix-Admin** group.
2. Load the DataBlade module CD into your CD-ROM drive. Or, if you plan to access the product by electronic delivery, follow the instructions at the electronic site.
3. Start the **Setup** program in one of the following ways:
  - In the Run dialog box, type `d:setup` and click **OK**.
  - At the DOS prompt, type `d:setup` and press ENTER.The `d` represents the letter of the CD-ROM drive.  
An installation options dialog box appears.
4. In the installation options dialog box, select one of the following installation types:
  - **Typical.** Includes all components, any online help, and any examples.
  - **Compact.** Includes all components but not online help or examples.
  - **Custom.** Allows you to select which components and subcomponents you want to install.
5. Confirm the installation directory. By default, the value of the **INFORMIXDIR** environment variable for the database server installation is selected. You can specify a different Dynamic Server instance.
6. In the verification dialog box, make sure the destination path and selected components are correct and click **Next**.

The Setup Complete dialog box appears.

7. Click **Finish** to exit **Setup**.

The DataBlade module software is installed in the directory `%INFORMIXDIR%\extend\datablade.version`, where *datablade* is the project name and *version* is the version number. For example, the IBM Informix Large Object Locator DataBlade Module, Version 1.2, is in `%INFORMIXDIR%\extend\lld.1.20.TC2`.

**Important:** After you install your DataBlade module, read the online notes in the `\doc` directory in the DataBlade directory.

---

## Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on UNIX

This section describes how to uninstall a DataBlade module that was released after the beginning of 2007 on a UNIX computer.

### To uninstall a newer DataBlade module on UNIX:

1. Unregister the DataBlade module. See “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-7.
2. Log in as the **informix** user.
3. Run the `uninstall` command. See the *Quick Start Guide* for your DataBlade module for details on this command.

---

## Uninstalling Your DataBlade Module on Windows

This section describes how to uninstall a DataBlade module that was released after the beginning of 2007 on a Windows computer.

### To uninstall a newer DataBlade module on Windows:

1. Unregister the DataBlade module. See “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 2-4.
2. Log in as the **informix** user.
3. Use Add/Remove Programs in the Control Panel or run the `uninstall` command. See the *Quick Start Guide* for your DataBlade module for details on this command.

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## Chapter 2. Registering with the BladeManager Graphical User Interface

In This Chapter . . . . .	2-1
Prerequisite Tasks . . . . .	2-1
Managing DataBlade Modules . . . . .	2-2
Connecting to a Database . . . . .	2-2
Registering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-3
Upgrading a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-4
Unregistering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	2-4
Managing Client Files. . . . .	2-5
Installing Client Files . . . . .	2-6
Uninstalling Client Files . . . . .	2-6
Viewing Log Files . . . . .	2-6
Viewing Module Information . . . . .	2-7

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### In This Chapter

To use a DataBlade module in a database, you must first register the DataBlade module in the database. *Registration* is the process of executing the SQL statements that create the DataBlade module database objects and identify the DataBlade module shared object file or dynamic link library to the database server. You use BladeManager to register DataBlade modules.

Before you can use BladeManager, you must complete the tasks listed in the section “Prerequisite Tasks” on page 2-1, next.

This chapter describes how to register DataBlade modules using the BladeManager graphical user interface main application window on Windows computers. The BladeManager application provides four tabbed pages on which you can perform tasks, as described in the following sections:

- “Managing DataBlade Modules” on page 2-2
- “Managing Client Files” on page 2-5
- “Viewing Log Files” on page 2-6
- “Viewing Module Information” on page 2-7

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### Prerequisite Tasks

This section lists the prerequisite tasks for using BladeManager to register DataBlade modules.

#### To prepare to use BladeManager:

1. Install and configure Informix Dynamic Server.
  - You must have these environment variables set properly: **INFORMIXDIR** and **INFORMIXSERVER**. For more information, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Installation Guide for Windows*.
  - Set the **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter in the **ONCONFIG** file. The **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter specifies the location that IDS checks for UDR or UDT shared libraries. The **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter should include **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** for DataBlade modules. For more information, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator’s Reference*.

2. Install DataBlade modules.  
See Chapter 1, “Installing DataBlade Modules,” on page 1-1, for more information.
3. If necessary, install BladeManager.  
BladeManager is included in the Informix Dynamic Server installation bundle. If you did not install BladeManager when you installed Informix Dynamic Server, run **BladeMgr\Setup.exe** from the installation media.

To start BladeManager, select **Start > Programs > Informix program group name > BladeManager** or double-click the **BladeManager** icon in the Informix program group. To see a particular page in the application window, click its tab.

## Managing DataBlade Modules

To manage DataBlade modules, use the **Databases** page, as shown in Figure 2-1.

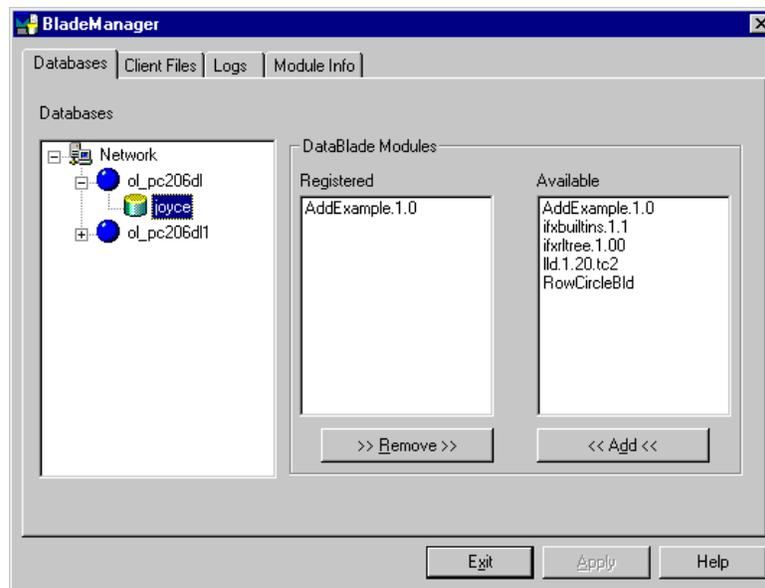


Figure 2-1. Databases Page

Managing DataBlade modules consists of tasks described in the following subsections:

- “Connecting to a Database” on page 2-2, next
- “Registering a DataBlade Module” on page 2-3
- “Upgrading a DataBlade Module” on page 2-4
- “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 2-4

## Connecting to a Database

After you install a DataBlade module, you register it in each database in which you want to use it. To register a DataBlade module, you must first connect to that database.

See the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator’s Guide* for information on the connect and resource permissions you need to connect to the database.

**Tip:** You can be sure you have the right permissions if you run BladeManager as the default user for the database server. You can tell you are the default user if you are not prompted for a user name and password when you attempt to connect to the database. You can use the **Setnet32** utility to specify the user name and password you want to be the default for a particular database server. Make sure you restart BladeManager whenever you change settings in **Setnet32**.

**To connect to a database:**

1. To see a list of available database servers, in the **Databases** list box on the **Databases** page, click the expander button next to the network and database server icons.
2. Click the name of the database to which you want to connect.
3. If the User Login dialog box appears, type a user name and password that have the required permissions for the database.
4. Click **OK**.

After you connect, BladeManager displays the registered and available DataBlade modules for that database.

The first time BladeManager connects to a database, BladeManager prepares the installed DataBlade modules for registration and generates a log file. During the preparation, BladeManager gathers the DataBlade module information that appears on the BladeManager pages. If the preparation of a DataBlade module fails, the DataBlade module does not appear in the **Available** list box. Check the log file for information about preparation failures (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 2-6) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

## Registering a DataBlade Module

When BladeManager registers a DataBlade module, it executes a set of SQL statements to register each database object in the module. Registration is equivalent to creating database objects individually with the SQL CREATE statement.

You must have resource permissions on the database to register a DataBlade module in it. Additionally, if the server is configured so that the EXTEND role is needed to add UDRs and UDTs, then you must be granted the EXTEND role by a DBSA (typically, user **informix**).

**To register a DataBlade module:**

1. On the **Databases** page, select the database in which you want to register a module (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-2).
2. In the **Available** list box, select the module you want to register.
3. Click **Add**.
4. Click **Apply**.

If registration fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 2-6) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

Some DataBlade modules depend on one or more *interfaces*. An interface is like a contract between DataBlade modules: the DataBlade module that requires the interface depends on the functionality of the DataBlade module that provides the interface.

When you register a DataBlade module with an interface dependency, BladeManager verifies that one of the DataBlade modules that provides that interface is registered in the database. If it is, registration continues. If it is not, BladeManager displays the Modules with Missing Interface dialog box; select one of the DataBlade modules and click **OK**.

**Important:** You can register DataBlade modules written in Java™ only if your database server support J/Foundation. For more information about J/Foundation, see the *J/Foundation Developer's Guide*.

**Important:** BladeManager does not verify the integrity of the DataBlade modules that provide a required interface; BladeManager does not check for the presence of the required database objects.

## Upgrading a DataBlade Module

To upgrade a DataBlade module, use BladeManager to register a new version of the module. When you register the new version, BladeManager will automatically unregister the old version.

**Important:** You cannot use the following procedure to upgrade or downgrade some versions of DataBlade modules. For instructions on which versions can be upgraded or downgraded, see the release notes for the DataBlade module.

### To upgrade a DataBlade module:

1. On the **Databases** page, select the database in which you want to upgrade a DataBlade module (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-2).
2. In the **Available** list box, select the module you want to upgrade.
3. Click **Add**.

The **Registered** list box shows the version of the module with the new version in parentheses to indicate that the current version will be upgraded.

4. Click **Apply**.

After a successful upgrade, the **Registered** list box shows only the new version, along with any other DataBlade modules registered in the database.

If the upgrade fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 2-6) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

To downgrade a DataBlade module, use this same procedure to replace the DataBlade module with an earlier version, which appears in the **Available** list box.

## Unregistering a DataBlade Module

When BladeManager unregisters a DataBlade module, it removes each object of the module from the database by using SQL DROP statements.

**Important:** BladeManager does not unregister a DataBlade module that provides a required interface for other DataBlade modules or database objects.

**To unregister a DataBlade module:**

1. On the **Databases** page, select the database from which you want to unregister a module (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-2).
2. In the **Registered** list box, select the module you want to unregister.
3. Click **Remove**.
4. Click **Apply**.

If the unregistration fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 2-6) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

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## Managing Client Files

Some DataBlade modules are shipped with files that are required on client computers. These client files can include graphical user interfaces to view data or tools to query or search the database. When you install the DataBlade module, the client files are placed on the database server. You can install and uninstall these client files on the client computer that runs BladeManager.

You can manage client files with the **Client Files** page, as shown in Figure 2-2.

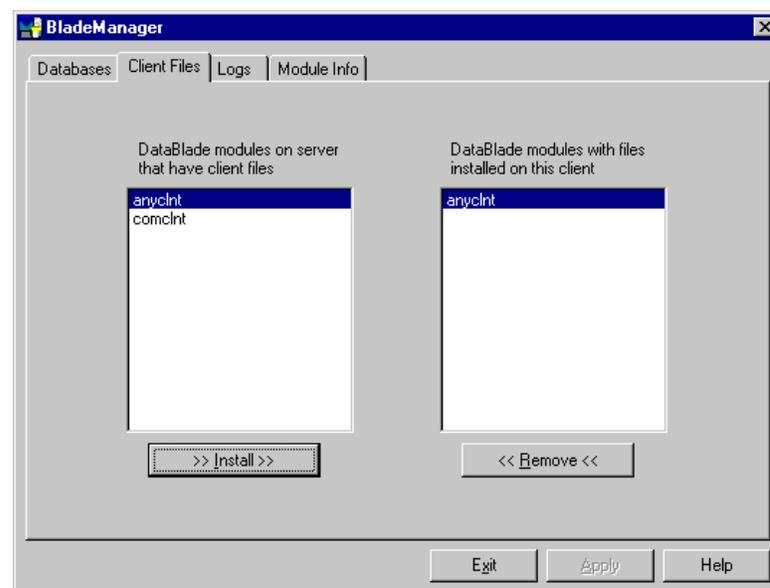


Figure 2-2. Client Files Page

The left list box shows the names of all the DataBlade modules on the current server that include client files that are appropriate for the current client computer. DataBlade modules can contain additional client files for other operating systems. The right list box shows the names of all DataBlade modules that have client files installed on the current client computer.

## Installing Client Files

You must install client files individually on each computer on which you require them.

Typically, client files are installed on the client computer in the `$INFORMIXDIR/extend/datablade/client` directory for your Informix client products, where *datablade* is the name of the DataBlade module. However, some DataBlade modules might install files in other directories. To install client files, you must have permission to write to the directory in which the client files are installed.

### To install the client files:

1. On the **Client Files** page, select the DataBlade module that contains the client files you want to install from the left list box.
2. Click **Install**.

A client file installation might require processing after BladeManager has copied the files to your computer. For example, you might have to run an install script or **setup.exe** program before you can use the client files. For instructions, see the release notes for the DataBlade module.

## Uninstalling Client Files

You must uninstall client files from each computer from which you want them removed.

To uninstall client files, you must have permission to write to the directory in which the client files reside.

### To remove client files:

1. On the **Client Files** page, select a DataBlade module in the right list box.
2. Click **Remove**.

A client file uninstallation might require processing before or after BladeManager has removed the files from your computer. For example, you might have to run an uninstall script or program before the client files are completely removed. For instructions, see the release notes for the DataBlade module.

---

## Viewing Log Files

BladeManager generates a log file when you prepare a database for registration and when you register, upgrade, or unregister a DataBlade module. If one of these tasks fails, the log file lists the specific SQL statement that failed. Log files also list whether the failure was expected or unexpected, and they show the error generated by the SQL command.

An example of an expected error is an error issued when a DataBlade module contains an SQL statement to create a table, but that table already exists. When BladeManager receives an unexpected error, it halts the operation and returns the database to its prior state.

Log files are numbered consecutively and contain a time stamp. You should periodically delete log files to free disk space.

View and delete log files on the **Logs** page, as shown in Figure 2-3.

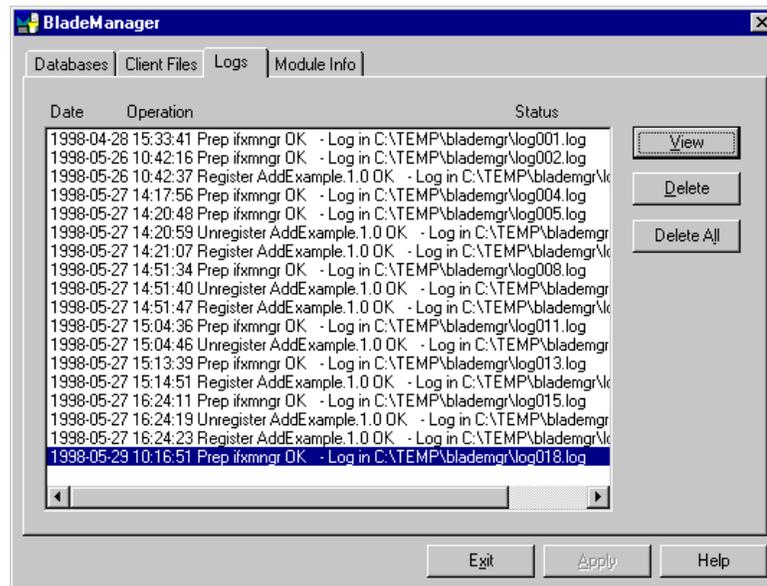


Figure 2-3. Logs Page

**To view a log file:**

1. On the **Logs** page, select the log file you want to view.
2. Click **View**.

**To delete a log file:**

1. On the **Logs** page, select the log file you want to delete.
2. Click **Delete**.

---

## Viewing Module Information

Each DataBlade module has content and vendor information. After BladeManager prepares the DataBlade modules for a database, you can view the information for all DataBlade modules.

The **Module Info** page displays information on DataBlade modules installed in the database selected on the **Databases** page.

To view module information, on the **Module Info** page, select a DataBlade module in the **DataBlade modules** list box, as shown in Figure 2-4.

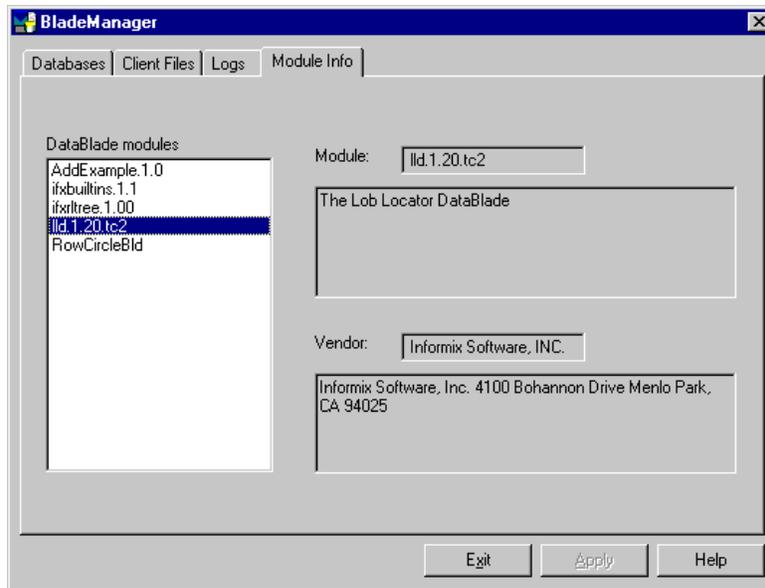


Figure 2-4. Module Info Page

The **Module** box shows the full name and version of the selected module, and it might display a description. The **Vendor** box shows information about the vendor of the DataBlade module.

---

## Chapter 3. Registering with the BladeManager Command-Line Interface

In This Chapter . . . . .	3-1
Prerequisite Tasks . . . . .	3-2
Using BladeManager . . . . .	3-2
Starting and Stopping BladeManager . . . . .	3-2
Obtaining Help for Commands . . . . .	3-3
Setting Confirmation . . . . .	3-3
Executing BladeManager Commands Automatically at Startup . . . . .	3-3
Executing Multiple BladeManager Commands . . . . .	3-4
Removing BladeManager Objects for Server Reversion. . . . .	3-4
Managing DataBlade Modules . . . . .	3-4
Connection Information . . . . .	3-4
Connecting to Your Database Server . . . . .	3-5
Connecting to Databases. . . . .	3-5
Registering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-6
Upgrading a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-7
Unregistering a DataBlade Module . . . . .	3-7
Managing Client Files. . . . .	3-8
Installing Client Files . . . . .	3-8
Uninstalling Client Files . . . . .	3-8
Viewing Log Files . . . . .	3-9
Viewing Module Information . . . . .	3-9
Command Reference. . . . .	3-10

---

### In This Chapter

To use a DataBlade module in a database, you must first register the DataBlade module in the database. *Registration* is the process of executing the SQL statements that create the DataBlade module database objects and identify the DataBlade module shared object file or dynamic link library to the database server. You use BladeManager to register DataBlade modules.

Before you can use BladeManager, you must complete the tasks listed in the section “Prerequisite Tasks” on page 3-2, next.

This chapter describes how to use the BladeManager command-line interface on UNIX and Windows. This interface provides commands to perform tasks, as described in the following sections:

- “Using BladeManager” on page 3-2
- “Managing DataBlade Modules” on page 3-4
- “Managing Client Files” on page 3-8
- “Viewing Log Files” on page 3-9
- “Viewing Module Information” on page 3-9

The section “Command Reference” on page 3-10 lists the BladeManager command-line interface commands alphabetically.

---

## Prerequisite Tasks

This section lists the prerequisite tasks for using BladeManager to register DataBlade modules.

### To prepare to use BladeManager:

1. Configure your Informix environment in one of the following ways:
  - On UNIX, set **INFORMIXDIR**, **PATH**, **LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH**, **ONCONFIG**, and **INFORMIXSERVER**. For information about setting these environment variables, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator's Guide*.
  - On Windows, set **INFORMIXDIR** and **INFORMIXSERVER**. For information about setting these environment variables, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Installation Guide for Windows*.
2. Set the **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter in the **ONCONFIG** file. The **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter specifies the location that IDS checks for UDR or UDT shared libraries. The **DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH** configuration parameter should include **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** for DataBlade modules. For more information, see the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator's Reference*.
3. Install DataBlade modules.  
See Chapter 1, "Installing DataBlade Modules," on page 1-1, for more information.
4. Install BladeManager, if necessary.  
BladeManager is included in the installation for your database server on UNIX. BladeManager is included in the installation bundle for your database server on Windows. Alternatively, you can install BladeManager on Windows by running the **BladeMgr\Setup.exe** program in your database server product media.

---

#### Windows Only

See the BladeManager *IBM Informix Read Me First* sheet for instructions for installing BladeManager on Windows.

#### End of Windows Only

---

## Using BladeManager

This section describes how to complete the tasks described in the following subsections:

- "Starting and Stopping BladeManager" on page 3-2
- "Obtaining Help for Commands" on page 3-3
- "Setting Confirmation" on page 3-3
- "Executing BladeManager Commands Automatically at Startup" on page 3-3
- "Executing Multiple BladeManager Commands" on page 3-4
- "Removing BladeManager Objects for Server Reversion" on page 3-4

### Starting and Stopping BladeManager

To start BladeManager, enter the following command at the UNIX or the MS-DOS command line prompt:

```
blademgr
```

Your screen displays a prompt consisting of the value of the current database server (the value of the **INFORMIXSERVER** environment variable when you start BladeManager) and an angle bracket (>). To execute BladeManager commands, enter the command name.

**Important:** If BladeManager fails to execute, make sure that Informix environment variables are set to run Informix database utilities. See “Prerequisite Tasks” on page 3-2 for more information.

To exit BladeManager, enter one of the following commands:

- `bye`
- `exit`
- `quit`
- an end-of-file key sequence, such as CTRL-D or CTRL-Z

## Obtaining Help for Commands

To see a list of BladeManager commands and their syntax, enter one of the following commands:

- `help`
- `?`

## Setting Confirmation

If confirmation is on, BladeManager prompts you to confirm the following tasks:

- Register a DataBlade module with the **register** command
- Unregister a DataBlade module with the **unregister** command
- Install a client file with the **add client** command
- Uninstall a client file with the **del client** command

When confirmation is off, BladeManager issues no confirmation prompt when you execute these commands. You might want to turn confirmation off when you use BladeManager in batch operations, so you can send commands to BladeManager from a file.

To turn confirmation on, enter the following command:

```
set confirm on
```

To turn confirmation off, enter the following command:

```
set confirm off
```

## Executing BladeManager Commands Automatically at Startup

When BladeManager starts, it searches for the batch file **blademgr.run** in the current directory. If BladeManager finds the file, it executes any commands in it before it displays the prompt that allows you to enter commands. You can edit this file and place commands in it that are automatically executed whenever BladeManager starts.

For example, if you do not want to be prompted for confirmation each time you register a DataBlade module, you can put the **set confirm off** command in **blademgr.run** to turn confirmation off automatically whenever you run BladeManager.

If you include multiple commands in **blademgr.run**, separate each command with a carriage return.

## Executing Multiple BladeManager Commands

To execute a series of BladeManager commands using shell redirection, enter the following command:

```
blademgr < filename.txt
```

The *filename.txt* specification in the example represents the name of a text file that contains one or more BladeManager commands, each on a separate line.

## Removing BladeManager Objects for Server Reversion

If you want to revert to an earlier version of your database server, you must remove every database object added since the database server and database were upgraded. BladeManager adds its objects to a database whenever you connect to a database with BladeManager. To remove BladeManager objects from the specified database, enter the following command:

```
unprep database_name
```

To successfully revert to a previous version, the following conditions must be true about your database:

- You must have removed any new database objects.
- You must not have altered any existing database objects: for example, by upgrading existing DataBlade modules.

For more information on server reversion, see the *IBM Informix Migration Guide*.

---

## Managing DataBlade Modules

Managing DataBlade modules includes the tasks described in the following subsections:

- “Connection Information” on page 3-4, next
- “Registering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-6
- “Upgrading a DataBlade Module” on page 3-7
- “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-7

### Connection Information

After you install a DataBlade module, you register it in each database in which you want to use it. To register a DataBlade module in a database, you must first connect to that database.

You need connect and resource permissions to connect to the database and register DataBlade modules. See the *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator's Guide* for more information on permissions.

Before BladeManager can connect to a database, your Informix environment must be properly configured on the computer running the database server and on the client computer.

This section describes:

- Connecting to your database server.
- Connecting to a specific database.

## Connecting to Your Database Server

When you start BladeManager, it uses default values for your user name, password, and database server unless you explicitly issue commands to change them.

On UNIX, the default user name and password are defined as your operating system login and password. The default database server is defined as the value of the **INFORMIXSERVER** environment variable. For information on setting these values, see *IBM Informix Dynamic Server Administrator's Guide*.

On Windows, the default values for user name, password, and database server are listed in the Setnet32 utility. The default database server is defined as the value of the **INFORMIXSERVER** environment variable. For information on setting these values, see *IBM Informix Client Products Installation Guide*.

You can change your connection to an Informix database server as follows:

- To see a list of available database servers, enter the following command:  
`show servers`
- To connect to a specified database server, enter the following command:  
`set server server_name`
- To connect as a different user, enter the following command:  
`set user user_name`

At the password prompt, enter the password. The user name and password are not validated until you attempt to connect to a database.

**Tip:** To avoid possible permissions problems, run BladeManager as the default user for the database server.

## Connecting to Databases

BladeManager commands to register, unregister, list registered, and show available DataBlade modules operate on a specific database.

After you start BladeManager, you can connect to a database, as follows:

- To display a list of databases available to a database server, connect to the database server and enter the following command:  
`show databases`
- To connect to a database, execute one of the following commands:
  - `list database_name`
  - `register module_name database_name`
  - `unregister module_name database_name`

In the preceding example commands, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See “Registering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-6 for information on the **list** and **register** commands. See “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-7 for information on the **unregister** command.

The first time BladeManager connects to a database, it prepares the installed DataBlade modules for registration and generates a log file. If BladeManager fails to connect to a database or preparation fails, look at the appropriate log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 3-9) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

## Registering a DataBlade Module

When BladeManager registers a DataBlade module, it executes a set of SQL statements to register each database object in the module. Registration is equivalent to creating database objects individually with the SQL CREATE statement.

You must have resource permissions on the database to register a DataBlade module in it. Additionally, if the server is configured so that the EXTEND role is needed to add UDRs and UDTs, then you must be granted the EXTEND role by a DBSA (typically, user **informix**).

After you connect to a database, you can register a DataBlade module, as follows:

- To display a list of DataBlade modules installed on the database server that are available for registration, enter the following command:

```
show modules
```

Modules that contain client files display the letter *c* after the module name.

- To display a list of DataBlade modules registered in the specified database, enter the following command:

```
list database_name
```

- To register a DataBlade module in the specified database, enter the following command:

```
register module_name database_name
```

In the preceding example command, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number.

If BladeManager is not currently connected to the database specified in the **register** command, it connects to the new database, prepares all available DataBlade modules, and displays a message about the success or failure of the preparation before continuing with registration.

If the registration of a module fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 3-9) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

Some DataBlade modules depend on one or more *interfaces*. An interface is like a contract between DataBlade modules: the DataBlade module that requires the interface depends on the functionality of the DataBlade module that provides the interface.

When you register a DataBlade module, BladeManager verifies that one of the DataBlade modules that provides the interface required by your module is already registered in the database. If it is, registration continues. If it is not, BladeManager prompts you to register the DataBlade module providing the interface.

**Important:** BladeManager does not verify the integrity of the DataBlade modules that provide a required interface. BladeManager does not check for the presence of the required database objects.

**Important:** You can register DataBlade modules written in Java only in *IBM Informix Dynamic Server with J/Foundation* database servers. For more information about J/Foundation, see the *J/Foundation Developer’s Guide*.

## Upgrading a DataBlade Module

To upgrade a DataBlade module, use BladeManager to register a new version of the module. When you register the new version, BladeManager will automatically unregister the old version.

**Important:** You cannot use the following procedure to upgrade or downgrade some versions of DataBlade modules. For instructions on which versions can be upgraded or downgraded, see the release notes for the DataBlade module.

To upgrade or downgrade a DataBlade module in the specified database, enter the following command:

```
register module_name database_name
```

In the preceding example command, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. BladeManager warns you that you are upgrading or downgrading a DataBlade module.

If BladeManager is not currently connected to the database specified in the **register** command, it connects to the new database, prepares all available DataBlade modules, and displays a message about the success or failure of the preparation before continuing with registration.

If the upgrade of a module fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 3-9) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

## Unregistering a DataBlade Module

When BladeManager unregisters a DataBlade module, it removes each element of the DataBlade module from the database using SQL DROP statements.

**Important:** BladeManager does not unregister a DataBlade module that provides a required interface for other DataBlade modules or database objects.

To unregister a DataBlade module in the specified database, enter the following command:

```
unregister module_name database_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. If BladeManager is not currently connected to the database specified in the **unregister** command, it connects to the new database, prepares all available DataBlade modules, and displays a message about the success or failure of the preparation before continuing with the **unregister** command.

If the unregistration of a module fails, BladeManager returns the database to its prior state. To see the SQL statements that failed, look at the corresponding log file (see “Viewing Log Files” on page 3-9) and see Appendix A, “Troubleshooting Registration Problems,” on page A-1, for possible solutions.

---

## Managing Client Files

Some DataBlade modules are shipped with files that are required on client computers. These client files can include command-line interfaces to view data or tools to query or search the database. When you install the DataBlade module, the client files are placed on the database server along with the elements of the module. You can install and uninstall these client files on the client computer running BladeManager.

To display a list of DataBlade modules installed on the database server to which BladeManager is connected that have client files installed on the computer on which BladeManager is running, enter the following command:

```
show client
```

## Installing Client Files

You must install client files individually on every computer on which you want them installed by running BladeManager on each computer.

Typically, client files are installed on the client computer in the `$INFORMIXDIR/extend/datablade/client` directory for your IBM Informix client products, where *datablade* is the name of the DataBlade module. However, some DataBlade modules might install files in other directories. To install client files, you must have permission to write to the directory in which the client files are installed.

To install client files for a specific DataBlade module, enter the following command:

```
add client module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number.

A client file installation might require processing after BladeManager has copied the files to your computer. For example, you might have to run an install script or **setup.exe** program before you can use the client files. For instructions, see the release notes for that DataBlade module.

## Uninstalling Client Files

You must uninstall client files individually from each computer from which you want them removed.

You must have permission to write to the directory in which the client files reside.

To uninstall client files for a specific DataBlade module, enter the following command:

```
del client module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number.

A client file uninstallation might require processing before or after BladeManager has removed the files from your computer. For example, you might have to run an

uninstall script or program before the client files are completely removed. For instructions, see the release notes for that DataBlade module.

---

## Viewing Log Files

BladeManager generates a log file whenever you prepare, register, upgrade, or unregister a DataBlade module. If one of these tasks fails, the log file can point to the particular SQL statement that failed. Log files also list whether the failure was expected or unexpected and show the text of the error generated by the SQL command.

An example of an expected error is an error issued when a DataBlade module contains an SQL statement to create a table, but that table already exists. When BladeManager receives an unexpected error, it halts the operation and returns the database to its prior state.

BladeManager stores log files in one of the following directories:

**UNIX Only**

- `/tmp/blademgr/uid`, where *uid* is your UNIX user ID

**End of UNIX Only**

**Windows Only**

- `%TEMP%\blademgr`

**End of Windows Only**

Periodically delete files from the log directory to free disk space.

You can manage log files by performing the following tasks:

- To view the list of log files, enter the following command:

```
show log
```

BladeManager lists all available log files. You can see only log files created while BladeManager was running with your user ID.

- To see a particular log file, display the list of log files and enter the log file number.
- To see the most recent log file for the current session, enter the following command:

```
show last log
```

- To delete log files for your user ID, enter the following command:

```
del logs
```

BladeManager prompts you to continue with the removal of the log files from the operating system.

---

## Viewing Module Information

Each DataBlade module has content and vendor information.

To display information about a particular DataBlade module, enter the following command:

```
info module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number.

If you are not connected to a database, use the following command to establish a connection to the specified database before executing the **info** command:

```
list database_name
```

---

## Command Reference

This section describes the BladeManager commands in detail. The commands are listed in alphabetical order.

### add client

The **add client** command installs the specified DataBlade module's client files on the client computer running BladeManager:

```
add client module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See "Installing Client Files" on page 3-8 for more information.

### bye

The **bye** command closes BladeManager and returns you to the operating system prompt:

```
bye
```

### del client

The **del client** command removes the specified DataBlade module's client files from the client computer running BladeManager:

```
del client module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See "Uninstalling Client Files" on page 3-8 for more information.

### del logs

The **del logs** command deletes the `/tmp/blademgr/uid` directory on UNIX or the `%TEMP%\blademgr` directory on Windows. The directory contains the log files from your BladeManager session:

```
del logs
```

See "Viewing Log Files" on page 3-9 for more information.

### exit

The **exit** command closes BladeManager and returns you to the operating system prompt:

```
exit
```

## help

The **help** command displays a list of all the BladeManager commands and syntax:  
help

## info

The **info** command displays vendor-supplied information about the specified DataBlade module:

```
info module_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See “Viewing Module Information” on page 3-9 for more information.

## list

The **list** command displays all the DataBlade modules already registered with the specified database:

```
list database_name
```

See “Managing DataBlade Modules” on page 3-4 for more information.

## quit

The **quit** command closes BladeManager and returns you to the operating system prompt:

```
quit
```

## register

The **register** command registers the specified DataBlade module in the specified database:

```
register module_name database_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See “Registering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-6 for more information.

## set confirm

The **set confirm** command toggles confirmation for the **register**, **unregister**, **add client**, or **del client** commands on and off:

```
set confirm on | off
```

See “Setting Confirmation” on page 3-3 for more information.

## set server

The **set server** command connects BladeManager to the specified database server:

```
set server server_name
```

See “Connecting to Your Database Server” on page 3-5 for more information.

## set user

The **set user** command sets the user for the current session:

```
set user user_name
```

BladeManager prompts you for a password.

See “Connecting to Your Database Server” on page 3-5 for more information.

## show client

The **show client** command displays a list of the DataBlade modules on the current database server that have files installed on the current client computer:

```
show client
```

## show databases

The **show databases** command displays a list of the databases on the current database server:

```
show databases
```

## show last log

The **show last log** command displays the most recent log file for the current session:

```
show last log
```

The **show last log** command does not return a log file if you have not executed a command during the current BladeManager session.

## show log

The **show log** command lists the available log files and allows you to view the contents of a specific log file:

```
show log
```

After BladeManager lists all the log files that are available for viewing, it prompts you for the number of the particular log file whose contents you want to view.

## show modules

The **show modules** command displays a list of the DataBlade modules available on the database server:

```
show modules
```

Modules that contain client files display the letter *c* after the module name.

## show servers

The **show servers** command displays a list of the available servers:

```
show servers
```

## unprep

The **unprep** command removes BladeManager from the specified database to allow you to revert from one version of your database server to an earlier version:

```
unprep database_name
```

See “Removing BladeManager Objects for Server Reversion” on page 3-4 for more information.

## **unregister**

The **unregister** command unregisters the specified DataBlade module from the specified database:

```
unregister module_name database_name
```

In the preceding example, *module\_name* represents the name of the DataBlade module directory. These names typically follow the form of the DataBlade module name followed by the version number. See “Unregistering a DataBlade Module” on page 3-7 for more information.

## **?**

The ? (question mark) command displays a list of all the BladeManager commands and syntax:

```
?
```



---

## Appendix A. Troubleshooting Registration Problems

This appendix describes problems you might experience when registering a DataBlade module and possible solutions to the problems.

---

### Connection Problems

If BladeManager fails to connect to a database or drops a database connection, perform the following tasks before you call Technical Support:

- Check whether BladeManager connects to some databases but not to others. You might not have sufficient permissions to work on the databases to which you cannot connect.

IBM Informix software can be managed most easily when a single, default user in an environment with full permissions creates databases and registers DataBlade modules. Using a variety of permissions might cause some services to be denied, for security reasons.

- Check whether the operation that fails works correctly if a user with full permissions performs all the steps.
- Check whether BladeManager connects to databases in one GLS locale, but not in others.

If your database and client are not connected in their respective default locales, try setting the **DB\_LOCALE** and **CLIENT\_LOCALE** environment variables to no locale (the default) and reconnecting to the database.

- Check the database server log file for errors. You might have to ask your database administrator for the location of the server log.
- Check whether the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** and **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/ifxmgr** directories are deleted. If these directories no longer exist, reinstall your database server.

---

#### UNIX Only

- Check whether there are symbolic links to the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** and **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/ifxmgr** directories. If there are symbolic links, reinstall your database server into a directory without symbolic links.

---

#### End of UNIX Only

- Check whether the connection problem is unique to BladeManager:
  - Check whether you have resource permissions by trying to create a table. If you cannot create a table, you do not have resource permissions: have your database administrator assign you permissions.

---

#### UNIX Only

- Check whether you can connect to the same database using DB-Access. If you cannot, consult your database administrator.

---

#### End of UNIX Only

---

#### Windows Only

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- Check whether you can connect to the same database using a client tool, such as SQL Editor or Schema Knowledge.  
If not, check your settings in **Setnet32** or consult your database administrator. If you can connect with SQL Editor, but not Schema Knowledge, you might have a problem with a high-level IBM Informix API.

End of Windows Only

- Check the values specified for the DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH configuration parameter in the ONCONFIG file. The DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH configuration parameter should include the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** directory for DataBlade modules.
- Check if the server is configured so that the EXTEND role is needed to add UDRs and UDTs. If that is the case, you must be granted the EXTEND role by a DBSA (by default, user **informix**).

If you had recently installed other software when you began experiencing problems with BladeManager, you might have overwritten a DLL required by BladeManager. See if reinstalling BladeManager solves the problem.

If you are still experiencing problems, contact Technical Support.

---

## Preparation Failure

When BladeManager first connects to a database, it “prepares” the database for DataBlade module registrations by creating tables and loading data from files on the server. If you receive a preparation failure error when you attempt to connect to a database with BladeManager, complete the following tasks:

- Create a new database and connect to it with BladeManager, using the same user name. If preparation does not fail, you might have a permissions problem in the original database; contact your database administrator.
- Check the BladeManager logs for the preparation log:
  - If you do not find a preparation log, check the database server log to see if a thread failed during preparation.
  - Check the preparation log for “unexpected error” entries. You might be able to correct some errors (for example, if the database server ran out of disk space); otherwise, consult your database administrator about the error.
- Check whether the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** and **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/ifxmgr** directories are deleted. If these directories no longer exist, reinstall your database server.

UNIX Only

- Check whether there are symbolic links to the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend** and **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/ifxmgr** directories. If there are symbolic links, reinstall your database server into a directory without symbolic links.

End of UNIX Only

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## Registration Problems

If BladeManager fails to register, unregister, or upgrade a DataBlade module, perform the following tasks:

- Check that the permissions on the *datablade.bld* file are set to read-only. The *datablade.bld* file is the DataBlade module shared object file located in the **\$INFORMIXDIR/extend/datablade.version** directory.

- Check the log that BladeManager generated for the operation. If the log has an “unexpected error” entry, send the details from the log to the vendor of the DataBlade module.
- Try to register other DataBlade modules: for instance, the DataBlade modules that ship with the database server. If you can register another DataBlade module, your problem is probably specific to the DataBlade module that failed. Read the release notes for that DataBlade module; some modules have special requirements, such as a named sbspace.



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## Appendix B. Accessibility

IBM strives to provide products with usable access for everyone, regardless of age or ability.

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### Accessibility features for IBM Informix Dynamic Server

Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use information technology products successfully.

#### Accessibility Features

The following list includes the major accessibility features in IBM Informix Dynamic Server. These features support:

- Keyboard-only operation.
- Interfaces that are commonly used by screen readers.
- The attachment of alternative input and output devices.

**Tip:** The IBM Informix Dynamic Server Information Center and its related publications are accessibility-enabled for the IBM Home Page Reader. You can operate all features using the keyboard instead of the mouse.

#### Keyboard Navigation

This product uses standard Microsoft® Windows navigation keys.

#### Related Accessibility Information

IBM is committed to making our documentation accessible to persons with disabilities. Our publications are available in HTML format so that they can be accessed with assistive technology such as screen reader software. The syntax diagrams in our publications are available in dotted decimal format.

You can view the publications for IBM Informix Dynamic Server in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) using the Adobe Acrobat Reader.

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# Index

## Special characters

? command 3-13

## A

accessibility B-1  
    keyboard B-1  
    shortcut keys B-1  
add client command 3-10

## B

Batch file 3-3  
BladeManager command-line interface  
    connecting as a different user with 3-5  
    connecting to a different server with 3-5  
    connection problems with A-1  
    displaying DataBlade module information with 3-9  
    executing commands at startup for 3-3  
    executing multiple commands with 3-4  
    exiting 3-3  
    failure to execute in 3-3  
    help command in 3-3  
    installing 3-2  
    installing client files with 3-8  
    interfaces, ensuring availability with 3-6  
    listing available databases with 3-5  
    listing available servers with 3-5  
    listing client files with 3-8  
    log files for 3-9  
    managing DataBlade modules with 3-4, 3-7  
    preparation of DataBlade modules with 3-5  
    prerequisite tasks for using 3-2  
    registering DataBlade modules with 3-6  
    removing for server reversion 3-4  
    setting confirmation with 3-3  
    starting 3-2  
    uninstalling client files with 3-8  
    unregistering DataBlade modules with 3-7  
    upgrading DataBlade modules with 3-7  
BladeManager GUI  
    Client Files page 2-5  
    connection problems A-1  
    Databases page 2-2  
    default user for 2-3  
    displaying DataBlade module information with 2-7  
    installing 2-2  
    installing client files with 2-6  
    interfaces, ensuring availability with 2-4  
    log files for 2-6  
    Logs page 2-7  
    managing DataBlade modules with 2-2, 2-5  
    Module Info page 2-7  
    preparing DataBlade modules with 2-3  
    prerequisite tasks for 2-1  
    registering DataBlade modules with 2-3  
    starting 2-2  
    uninstalling client files with 2-6  
    unregistering DataBlade modules with 2-5  
    upgrading DataBlade modules with 2-4

blademgr.run file 3-3  
bye command 3-10

## C

Client files  
    additional processing if from the command line 3-8  
    additional processing if with the GUI 2-6  
    directory installed in 2-6, 3-8  
    installing from the command line 3-8  
    installing with the GUI 2-6  
    listing from the command line 3-8  
    loading from the command line 3-8  
    loading with the GUI 2-5  
    uninstalling from the command line 3-8  
    uninstalling with the GUI 2-6  
Client Files page 2-5  
Command-line interface to BladeManager 3-1, 3-10  
Commands  
    ? 3-13  
    add client 3-10  
    bye 3-10  
    del client 3-10  
    del logs 3-10  
    executing at startup from the command line 3-3  
    executing multiple from the command-line interface 3-4  
    exit 3-10  
    help 3-11  
    info 3-11  
    list 3-11  
    quit 3-11  
    register 3-11  
    set confirm 3-11  
    set user 3-12  
    show client 3-12  
    show last log 3-12  
    show log 3-12  
    show modules 3-12  
    show servers 3-12  
    unprep 3-12  
    unregister 3-13  
Configuring your server environment 2-1  
Confirmation, turning on and off 3-3  
Connect permissions 2-2  
Connecting  
    as a different user 3-5  
    problems with A-1  
    to a database server from the command line 3-5  
    to a database with the GUI 2-2  
    to a database, from the command line 3-4, 3-5  
    to a different server 3-5

## D

Database servers  
    configuring 2-1  
    connecting to a different from the command line 3-5  
    connecting to as a different user from the command line 3-5  
    connecting to from the command line 3-5

- Database servers (*continued*)
  - default 3-5
  - listing from the command line 3-5
  - reverting to an earlier version 3-4
- Databases
  - connecting to from the command line 3-4, 3-5
  - connecting to with the GUI 2-2
  - listing from the command line 3-5
  - removing BladeManager objects from 3-4
- Databases page 2-2
- DataBlade modules
  - directory for on UNIX 1-2
  - directory for on Windows 1-4
  - information on, displaying 2-7, 3-9
  - installing on UNIX 1-1
  - installing on Windows 1-3
  - interfaces for 2-4, 3-6
  - managing from the command line 3-4, 3-7
  - managing with the GUI 2-2, 2-5
  - preparing from the command line 3-5
  - preparing with the GUI 2-3
  - registering from the command line 3-6
  - registering with the GUI 2-3
  - uninstalling on UNIX 1-4
  - uninstalling on Windows 1-4
  - unregistering from the command line 3-7
  - unregistering with the GUI 2-5
  - upgrading from the command line 3-7
  - upgrading with the GUI 2-4
- DB\_LIBRARY\_PATH configuration parameter 2-1, 3-2
- Default user name 2-3, 3-5
- del client command 3-10
- del logs command 3-10
- Deleting log files
  - from the command line 3-9
  - with the GUI 2-7
- Directories
  - for client files 2-6, 3-8
  - for DataBlade modules on UNIX 1-2
  - for DataBlade modules on Windows 1-4
  - for log files 3-9
- disability B-1
- Displaying
  - available databases from the command line 3-5
  - available servers from the command line 3-5
  - latest log file from the command line 3-9
- Downgrading DataBlade modules
  - See* Upgrading DataBlade modules.

## E

- Errors
  - viewing with the BladeManager command-line interface 3-9
  - viewing with the BladeManager GUI 2-6
- exit command 3-10
- Exiting BladeManager command-line interface 3-3
- Expected errors 2-6, 3-9
- EXTEND role 2-3, 3-6

## G

- Graphical user interface to BladeManager 2-1, 2-8

## H

- help command 3-11

## I

- info command 3-11
- Informix-Admin group 1-3
- Installation script for DataBlade modules on UNIX 1-2
- Installing
  - BladeManager 2-2, 3-2
  - client files from the command line 3-8
  - client files with the GUI 2-6
  - DataBlade modules on UNIX 1-1
  - DataBlade modules on Windows 1-3
- Interfaces for DataBlade modules 2-4, 3-6

## L

- list command 3-11
- Log files
  - defined 2-6, 3-9
  - deleting from the command line 3-9
  - displaying latest from the command line 3-9
  - verifying registration from the command line 3-6
  - verifying registration with the GUI 2-3
  - verifying unregistration from the command line 3-7
  - verifying unregistration with the GUI 2-5
  - verifying upgrades from the command line 3-7
  - verifying upgrades with the GUI 2-4
- Logs page 2-7

## M

- Managing DataBlade modules
  - with the BladeManager command-line interface 3-4, 3-7
  - with the BladeManager graphical user interface 2-2, 2-5
- Module Info page 2-7

## P

- Preparation
  - during registration from the command line 3-5
  - during registration with the GUI 2-3
  - problems with A-2

## Q

- quit command 3-11

## R

- Redirection, sending commands to BladeManager 3-4
- register command 3-11
- Registering DataBlade modules
  - log file for 2-3, 3-6
  - preparation for 3-5
  - preparing for 2-3
  - problems with A-2
  - with the BladeManager command-line interface 3-6
  - with the BladeManager graphical user interface 2-3
- Removing BladeManager objects from a database 3-4
- Resource permissions 2-2
- Reverting to an earlier server version 3-4

## S

- set confirm command 3-11
- set user command 3-12
- Setup program for DataBlade modules on Windows 1-3
- shortcut keys
  - keyboard B-1
- show client command 3-12
- show last log command 3-12
- show log command 3-12
- show modules command 3-12
- show servers command 3-12
- SQL statement failures in log files 2-6, 3-9
- Starting
  - BladeManager command-line interface 3-2
  - BladeManager GUI 2-2
- Startup file for BladeManager command-line interface 3-3

## T

- Troubleshooting BladeManager A-1, A-3

## U

- Unexpected errors 2-6, 3-9
- Uninstalling
  - client files from the command line 3-8
  - client files with the GUI 2-6
  - DataBlade modules on UNIX 1-4
  - DataBlade modules on Windows 1-4
- UNIX
  - BladeManager command-line interface for 3-1, 3-13
  - default user name 3-5
  - installing DataBlade modules on 1-1
  - uninstalling DataBlade modules on 1-4
- unprep command 3-12
- unregister command 3-13
- Unregistering DataBlade modules
  - log file for the command-line utility 3-7
  - log file for the GUI utility 2-5
  - problems with A-2
  - with the BladeManager command line 3-7
  - with the BladeManager GUI 2-5
- Upgrading DataBlade modules
  - from the command line 3-7
  - log file for 2-4, 3-7
  - problems with A-2
  - with the GUI 2-4
- User name
  - default for UNIX 3-5
  - default for Windows 3-5
  - setting from the command line 3-5

## V

- Vendor information, displaying 2-7, 3-9

## W

- Windows
  - BladeManager command-line interface for 3-1, 3-13
  - BladeManager GUI for 2-1, 2-8
  - default user name in 3-5
  - Informix-Admin group in 1-3
  - installing DataBlade modules on 1-3

Windows (*continued*)

- uninstalling DataBlade modules on 1-4







Printed in USA

G229-6368-01

